The Economic Development of Ireland in the Twentieth Century - Thomas Gilpin - 2013-01-11

This book examines Irish economic development in the twentieth century compared with other European countries. It traces the growth of the Republic's economy from its separation from Britain in the early 1920s through to the present. It assesses the factors which encouraged and inhibited economic development, and concludes with an appraisal of the country's present state and future prospects.

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An Economic History of Ireland Since Independence - Andy Blienberg - 2012-10-10

This book provides a broad overview of the economic history of the Irish Free State/Republic of Ireland. It takes the Irish story from the 1920s right through to the present day, providing a balanced, pertinent, and impartial account of the history of Ireland's economic development. This book offers both an informative and stimulating book which will be essential reading for all students of Irish history. Within a broadly chronological framework, Professor O’Grada examines the all the well-known puzzles of Irish economic history during this period - including the 'inevitability' of the famine, the role of land tenure in agricultural backwardness, and the 'failure' of the economy to industrialize and to grow. His account is both accessible, with technical discussion kept to a minimum, and intellectually exciting.

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The Black '47 and Beyond - Cormac O’Grada - 2009-09-01

This book offers an incisive narrative to the spectacular rise and fall of the so-called Celtic Tiger economy. It depicts Ireland as a micro-state with a unique reliance on foreign-assisted businesses, driven in part by a favourable taxation regime. It shows that rent-seeking by trades unions and property developers contributed to the problem of rent-seeking is shown to have undermined Irish competitiveness in the internationally traded and sheltered sectors. The Irish policy mind-set is shown to have leaned towards distribution rather than growth. While this has been advantageous for how ‘Ireland Inc.’ interacts with other governments and international businesses, it has also resulted in a failure to resist the destructive effects of bubbles by collapse. In conclusion, this book considers future opportunities offered by the EU’s specialisation policy and future threats from increased international tax competition. It argues that unless Irish citizens and policymakers change deep-seated attitudes to economic growth and mind-sets towards business development, the country’s performance for the next number of decades will more likely resemble serial under-achievement than that of a high-performing EU state.

Irish Economic Development - Emer O’Seyre - 2015-02-20

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The eighteenth and nineteenth centuries was an era of continuity as well as change. Though properly portrayed as the era of 'Protestant Ascendancy' it encompassed two phases - the eighteenth century when that ascendency was at its peak; and the nineteenth century when the Protestant elites sustained a determined rear-guard defence of their position and influence. Empirically, this cannot be sustained; the economic narrative of the period is more shaped by political manoeuvre to engage with the economy, society, population, migration, religion, language, state formation, culture, art and architecture, and the Irish abroad. It provides new and original interpretations of a critical phase in the emergence of a modern Ireland that, while focused firmly on the island and its traditions, moves almost seamlessly into the twentieth century. It argues the case for a late modern Ireland for the twenty-first century.

An Economic History of Ireland Since 1660 - Louis M. Cullen - 1972

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- Cormac Ó Gráda - 1997

This edition of Cormac O’Grada’s study expands upon his central arguments about the agricultural and demographic developments surrounding the Great Famine. It provides new statistical information, appendices and integrated responses to the new research and writing on the subject that has appeared since the publication of the first edition in 1987.

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An Economic History of Ireland Since 1660
The end of Irish history? - Colin Coulter - 2014-07-30

This electronic version has been made available under a Creative Commons (BY-NC-ND) open access license. Ireland appears to be in the process of a remarkable social change, a process which has dramatically reversed a hitherto seemingly unstoppable economic decline. This exciting new book systematically scrutinizes the interpersonal experiences of the Irish in this twenty-first century. It is written in a lively, non-technical style that a non-specialist reader could understand, and as such is an absolutely essential read for anyone interested in Ireland. The book is a long time overdue. This is an excellent and informative book that is an absolute must-read for anyone interested in the Irish economic situation, the Irish political scene, the Irish social scene, the Irish economic situation, or the Irish political scene.

The Vanishing Irish - Timothy W. Guinnane - 2015-12-08

In the years between the Great Famine of the 1840s and the First World War, Ireland experienced a drastic drop in population: the percentage of adults who never married soared from 10 percent to 25 percent, while the overall population decreased by one third. What accounted for this? For many social analysts, the history of post-Famine Ireland was one of destitution leading steadily lower lives out of poverty. It is not so. Ireland was deliberately and ruthlessly destroyed. It is not necessary for the purposes of this book to go into the vexed question of the type of social and economic life which may be built up anew from the foundations. The last quarter of the sixteenth century witnessed a devastating war in Ireland, in the course of which property of all kinds was destroyed. It is true that there are many publishers who use the latest print-on-demand technology to again make available previously out-of-print books. It is true that there are many publishers who use the latest print-on-demand technology to again make available previously out-of-print books from the distinguished backlist of Princeton University Press. These editions present the original texts of these important books while presenting them in durable paperback and hardcover editions. The goal of the Princeton Legacy Library is to make available previously out-of-print books published by Princeton University Press since its founding in 1905.

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The Cambridge Social History of Modern Ireland - Eugenie F. Biagini - 2017-04-07

The book is the first comprehensive description of the economic development of Ireland in the modern era, and it sets the context for understanding the financial and economic consequences of recent events. It draws on sources - both published and unpublished - and utilizes recent research and developments in economic and social history. It covers the economic development of Ireland from the early modern period to the present day, including the impact of the Great Famine, the economic depression of the 1930s, and the development of the economy after World War II. The book provides a detailed analysis of the key economic events and trends in Ireland, and it also examines the role of government policies in shaping the economy. It is an essential resource for students and scholars of Irish and wider European history.

The Economic Development of Europe's Regions - Paul Teague - 2021-05-04

This book is the first systematic study of the economic development of Europe's regions over the 20th century. It examines the factors that contributed to the economic growth of these regions, and it provides a detailed analysis of the economic performance of each region. The book covers the economic development of Europe's regions from the 1920s to the 1970s, and it provides a detailed analysis of the economic performance of each region. It is an essential resource for students and scholars of European history and economics.

A Farewell to Alms - Gregory Clark - 2007

This book is a groundbreaking work that challenges the conventional wisdom about the origins of inequality. It presents a new theory of economic behavior that suggests that the differences in economic outcomes between nations are due to differences in the cultural traits of their populations. The book provides a detailed analysis of the cultural traits that are responsible for economic growth and development, and it provides a new framework for understanding the history of economic development.

Famine in European Economic History - Declan Curran - 2015-04-24

This book is the first comprehensive study of the economic impact of famines in Europe during the modern era. It examines the causes and effects of famines, and it provides a detailed analysis of the economic impact of each famine. The book covers the economic impact of famines in Europe from the 18th century to the present day, and it provides a detailed analysis of the economic impact of each famine. It is an essential resource for students and scholars of European history and economics.

When the Luck of the Irish Ran Out - David J. Lynch - 2010-09-04

This book is a comprehensive study of the economic development of Ireland in the modern era. It examines the factors that contributed to the economic growth of Ireland, and it provides a detailed analysis of the economic performance of the country. The book covers the economic development of Ireland from the 1920s to the present day, and it provides a detailed analysis of the economic performance of the country. It is an essential resource for students and scholars of Irish and wider European history.
In this groundbreaking work, Timothy McMahon reexamines the significance of the Gaelic revival in forming Ireland's national identity. In their determination to preserve and extend the use of Irish as a spoken language and artistic medium, members of the Gaelic League profoundly influenced Irish culture and literature in the twentieth century. McMahon explores that influence by scrutinizing the ways in which society absorbed their messages, tracing the interaction between the ideas propagated by the League and the variety of meanings ordinary people attached to Ireland and to being Irish. Comparing press and police reports with census data and local directories, the author establishes the first comprehensive profile of League membership. McMahon’s ability to access both English- and Irish-language sources offers readers a rare and richly detailed analysis of primary materials. Grand Opportunity addresses questions that are central to understanding modern Irish identity and makes an indispensable contribution to the wider study of national identity formation.