phenomena adequately, the book proposes a new analytical approach through the concept of belonging. The book is based on several case studies carried out by anthropologists, political science scholars, historians, and geographers who help showing how Catholicism, Protestantism, and Judaism can nourish liberal democracy. The authors encourage people of faith to promote foundational support for the institutions and values of the democratic enterprise from within their own...

Faith, Nationalism, and the Future of Liberal Democracy

-- Yael Tamir -- 1995-07-03

Why Nationalism

The book provides a state-of-the-art overview of philosophy of education, covering a range of topics: Voices from the present and the past deals with 36 major figures that philosophers of education rely on; Schools of thought addresses 14 philosophical, political and emotive discussion. Here Burtonwood brings the writing of British philosopher Isaiah Berlin to bear on the subject of multiculturalism in schools, the first time that his work has been applied to matters of education. Tackling the...
Chapter 1 on pluralism, liberalism, libertarianism, Marxism, conservatism, and feminism. Extended excerpts to further reading have been added in the end of each chapter, listing the most important books and articles on each topic.

Chapter 1: Political Theory in the Western Tradition

The political theorist's principal aim is to evaluate and criticize political theories and philosophies of government. This chapter will focus on the work of classical political theorists from the ancient Greeks to the modern period. The reading will be divided into three main sections: ancient, medieval, and modern political theory.

Chapter 2: Liberalism

Liberalism is a political and ethical philosophy that emphasizes the importance of individual freedom and minimal governmental interference in society. This chapter will focus on the classical liberal tradition and the liberal revolution.

Chapter 3: Marxism

Marxism is a political, economic, and social theory developed by Karl Marx and Friedrich Engels. This chapter will focus on the development of Marxist thought and its impact on modern politics.

Chapter 4: Feminism

Feminism is a political and social movement that advocates for the equal rights and self-determination of women. This chapter will focus on the development of feminist thought and its impact on modern politics.

Chapter 5: Socialism

Socialism is a political and economic philosophy advocating the establishment of a socialist society or a society in which there are no classes, which can be achieved by the state seizing control of the means of production. This chapter will focus on the development of socialist thought and its impact on modern politics.

Chapter 6: Postmodernism

Postmodernism is a philosophical and cultural movement that challenges modernist assumptions about the nature of truth and reality. This chapter will focus on the development of postmodern thought and its impact on modern politics.

Chapter 7: Constitutionalism

Constitutionalism is a political philosophy that emphasizes the importance of a written constitution. This chapter will focus on the development of constitutional thought and its impact on modern politics.

Chapter 8: Pluralism

Pluralism is a political philosophy that emphasizes the diversity of interests and values in society. This chapter will focus on the development of pluralist thought and its impact on modern politics.

Chapter 9: Nationalism

Nationalism is a political philosophy that emphasizes the importance of national identity and the nation-state. This chapter will focus on the development of nationalist thought and its impact on modern politics.

Chapter 10: Multiculturalism

Multiculturalism is a political philosophy that emphasizes the importance of cultural diversity and the coexistence of different cultures. This chapter will focus on the development of multicultural thought and its impact on modern politics.

Chapter 11: Cultural Imperialism

Cultural imperialism is a political philosophy that emphasizes the importance of cultural dominance and the imposition of one culture over another. This chapter will focus on the development of imperialist thought and its impact on modern politics.

Chapter 12: Globalization

Globalization is a political philosophy that emphasizes the importance of global connections and the interdependence of nations. This chapter will focus on the development of globalist thought and its impact on modern politics.
satisfied by economic means. The demand for identity cannot be transcended; we must begin to shape identity in a way that supports rather than undermines democracy. Identity is an urgent and necessary book—a sharp warning that unless we

Rawls's moral and political philosophy, his distinctive methodological commitments, and his relationships to the history of moral and political philosophy and to jurisprudence and the social sciences Includes discussion of his monumental 1971

the lively debates that have emerged from his work Features an outstanding list of contributors, including senior as well as "next generation" Rawls scholars Provides careful, textually informed exegesis and well-developed critical commentary

A Companion to Rawls - Francis Fukuyama - 2018-09-11
- Benedict Anderson - 2006-11-17
- Helder De Schutter - 2013-09-13

This book is a collection of 13 articles which grew out if a workshop on federalism and democratisation in Asia. But, unlike a great many of the publications which have their origins in conferences, this volume has a clear theme running through

Federalism in Asia

area worthwhile. While federalism is relevant to Asia, the working pattern of Asian federalism does not necessarily follow a Western style. Hybrid federal institutional design can be seen as an Asian strategy of managing ethnic conflicts through

of Asian federalism. Federalism in Asia explores the range of theoretical perspectives that shape debates over federalism in general, and over territorial, multinational, hybrid, and asymmetric federalism in particular relation to Asia. The

edited volumes are often assumed to be a lightweight option, Federalism in Asia demonstrates how rewarding this form of publication can be. Graham K. Brown, Political Studies Review

Federalism in Asia

in the West, to Estonia and Latvia in the East, and Cyprus in the South-East. The contributors assess how European integration has affected the preparedness of states to accommodate minorities across a range of fundamental criteria,

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A highly topical examination of the effect of European integration on relations between states and minority nations. This new collection brings together the leading specialists in the field, and covers a wide range of cases, from Northern Ireland

Trust, Democracy, and Multicultural Challenges - Prabhakar Team - 2012-04-01

Trust, Democracy, and Multicultural Challenges

plots a course for this revitalization. She argues that trust is at the center of effective democratic politics, that increasing ethnocultural diversity as a result of immigration threatens trust, and that democratic communities must

Trust has always been precarious, and never more so than as a result of increased immigration. The number of religions, races, ethnicities, and cultures living together in democratic communities and governed by shared political institutions is rising. The failure to construct public policy to cope with this diversity—to ensure that trust can withstand the pressure that diversity can pose—is a failure of democracy. The threat to trust originates in the perception that the

Banning minarets by referendum in Switzerland, publicly burning Korans in the United States, prohibiting kirpans in public spaces in Canada—these are all examples of the rising backlash against diversity that is spreading across multicultural

Ethnic and religious diversity is not a problem for democracy, but it poses a significant challenge if the goal is to achieve a high level of trust in democratic systems. People may disagree about many issues, but they are able to work out their differences and grow together.

The broad theme of this book is identity. We begin by reflecting on the concept of identity and its importance for political philosophy. We then consider the way identity is represented in political philosophy, and the way it is presented in political

Tibet, Nepal, and Bhutan: A Family of States - Prabhakar Team - 2012-04-01

Tibet, Nepal, and Bhutan: A Family of States

The book examines the political and cultural interactions that have occurred between the three states, and the ways in which these interactions have shaped their political development. It also considers the challenges faced by these states in

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