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Britain to early-independent Spanish America, which considers all phases of production, distribution, reading, and Europe's. By 1947, after two centuries of British rule, it had decreased six-fold. The Empire blew rebels from cannon, massacred unarmed protesters, entrenched institutionalised racism, and caused millions to die from starvation. British imperialism justified itself as enlightened despotism for the benefit of the governed, but Shashi Tharoor takes demystifies this position, demonstrating how every supposed imperial 'gift' - from the railways to the rule of law - was designed in Britain's interests alone. He goes on to show how Britain's Industrial Revolution was founded on India's deindustrialisation, and the destruction of its textile industry. In this bold and incisive reassessment of colonialism, Tharoor exposes to devastating effect the inglorious reality of Britain's stained Indian legacy.

**Tea Party to Independence** - Peter David Garner Thomas - 1991

This book is a study of the formulation of British policy towards the American colonies during the crucial period between the Boston Tea Party of December 1773 and the American Declaration of Independence in July 1776. It is set against the backdrop both of British public opinion and of the developing resistance movement in America. Thomas examines the constraints on British policy-makings, and analyses the failure of the colonists either to respond to British overtures or to produce positive proposals of their own. He shows how the crisis escalated as the Americans moved from constitutional demands to a military response, and finally took the decision to separate from Britain.

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**The Question of Greek Independence** - Charles William Crawley - 1930

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The British Book Trade and Spanish American Independence is a pioneering study of the export of books from Britain to early-independent Spanish America, which considers all phases of production, distribution, reading, and re-writing of British books in the region, and explores the role that these works played in the formation of national identities in the new countries. Analysing in particular the publishing house of Rudolph Ackermann, which dominated the export of British books in Spanish in the 1820s, it discusses the ways in which the printed form of these publications affected the knowledge conveyed by them. After a survey of the peculiar characteristics of print culture in early-independent Spanish America and the trends in the import of European books in the region, the author examines the operation of Ackermann's publishing enterprise. She shows how the collaborative nature of this enterprise, involving a number of Spanish American diplomats as sponsors and Spanish exiles as writers and translators, shaped the characteristics of its publications, and how the notion of 'useful knowledge' conveyed by them was deployed in the service of both commercial and educational concerns. The hitherto unexplored mechanisms of book import, distribution, wholesale and retailing in Spanish America in the 1820s are also analysed as is the way in which the significance of the knowledge transmitted by those books shifted in the course of their production and distribution. The author examines how the question-and-answer form of Ackermann's textbooks constrained both publishers and writers and oriented their readers' relation with the texts. She then looks at the various ways in which foreign knowledge was appropriated in the construction of individual, social, national, and continental identities; this is done through the study of a number of individual reading experiences and through the analysis of the editions and adaptations of Ackermann's textbooks during the nineteenth century.

**The British Book Trade and Spanish American Independence** - Eugenia Roldán Vera - 2017-03-02

This book explores British post-colonial foreign policy towards Kenya from 1963 to 1980. It reveals the extent and nature of continued British government influence in Kenya after independence. It argues that this was not simply about neo-colonialism, and Kenya’s elite had substantial agency to shape the relationship. The first section addresses how policy was made and the role of High Commissions and diplomacy. It emphasises contingency, with policy produced through shared interests and interaction with leading Kenyans. It argues that British policy-makers helped to create and then reinforced Kenya’s neo-patrimonialism. The second part examines the economic, military, personal and diplomatic networks which successive British governments sustained with independent Kenya. A combination of interlinked interests encouraged British officials to place a high value on this relationship, even as their world commitments diminished. This book appeals to those interested in Kenyan history, post-colonial Africa, British foreign policy, and forms of diplomacy and policy-making.

**Kenya and Britain after Independence** - Poppy Callen - 2017-07-30

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**British Diplomacy and Turkish Independence** - Great Britain. [Appendix.] - History & Politics. - II. 1838.- 1838

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**The Encyclopaedia Britannica** - Hugh Chisholm - 1911

In 1763 British America stretched from Hudson Bay to the Keys, from the Atlantic to the Mississippi. Using maps re-writing of British books in the region, and explores the role that these works played in the formation of national identities in the new countries. Analysing in particular the publishing house of Rudolph Ackermann, which dominated the export of British books in Spanish to the former colonies in the 1820s, it discusses the ways in which the printed form of these publications affected the knowledge conveyed by them. After a survey of the peculiar characteristics of print culture in early-independent Spanish America and the trends in the import of European books in the region, the author examines the operation of Ackermann's publishing enterprise. She shows how the collaborative nature of this enterprise, involving a number of Spanish American diplomats as sponsors and Spanish exiles as writers and translators, shaped the characteristics of its publications, and how the notion of 'useful knowledge' conveyed by them was deployed in the service of both commercial and educational concerns. The hitherto unexplored mechanisms of book import, distribution, wholesale and retailing in Spanish America in the 1820s are also analysed as is the way in which the significance of the knowledge transmitted by those books shifted in the course of their production and distribution. The author examines how the question-and-answer form of Ackermann's textbooks constrained both publishers and writers and oriented their readers' relation with the texts. She then looks at the various ways in which foreign knowledge was appropriated in the construction of individual, social, national, and continental identities; this is done through the study of a number of individual reading experiences and through the analysis of the editions and adaptations of Ackermann's textbooks during the nineteenth century.

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**The New Map of Empire** - S. Max Edelson - 2017-04-24

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The New Map of Empire - S. Max Edelson - 2017-04-24
In 1763 British America stretched from Hudson Bay to the Keys, from the Atlantic to the Mississippi. Using maps that Britain created to control its new lands, Max Edelson pictures the contested geography of the British Atlantic world and offers new explanations of the causes and consequences of Britain’s imperial ambitions before the Revolution.

The British Isles and the War of American Independence - Stephen Conway - 2000-03-02
This book examines a hitherto neglected aspect of the War of American Independence, providing the first wide-ranging account of the impact of this eighteenth-century conflict upon the politics, economy, society and culture of the British Isles. The author examines the level of military participation - which was much greater than is usually appreciated - and explores the war's effects on subjects as varied as parliamentary reform, religious toleration and attitudes to empire. The books casts new light upon recent debate about the war-waging efficiency of the British state, and on the role of war in the creation of a sense of 'Britishness'. The thematic chapters are supplemented by local case studies of six very different communities the length and breadth of the British Isles.

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The Struggle for Arab Independence - Zeine N. Zeine - 1977
A study of the policies of Great Britain & France in the Near East during & after the First World War, describing the British & French occupation of Syria & Lebanon, & the Emir Faisal's government in Syria from 1918 to 1920. "The work is now a classic study of the World War I relationship between the Allies, notably Britain & the Arabs who were beginning their break from the Ottoman Empire." - choice.

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Common Sense - Thomas Paine - 2011-06-01
Addressed to the Habitants of America, on the Following Interesting Subjects, viz.: I. Of the Origin and Design of Government in General, with Concise Remarks on the English Constitution. II. Of Monarchy and Hereditary Succession. III. Thoughts on the Present State of American Affairs. IV. Of the Present Ability of America, with some Miscellaneous Reflections

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Britain and Ireland - Jeremy Smith - 2014-05-12
Jeremy Smith explores relations between Britain and Ireland during the late nineteenth and early twentieth century with a story that still raises deep passions and bitter disagreements both among historians and within wider public opinion. This examination attempts to chart a more dispassionate course between the various contending positions and has enormous relevance to the unfolding events in both Northern Ireland and Britain as the united Kingdom moves towards a federal constitutional structure. Books in this Seminar Studies in History series bridge the gap between textbook and specialist survey and consists of a brief "Introduction" and/or "Background" to the subject, valuable in bringing the reader up-to-speed on the area being examined, followed by a substantial and authoritative section of "Analysis" focusing on the main themes and issues. There is a succinct "Assessment" of the subject, a generous selection of "Documents" and a detailed bibliography. Incorporates a large amount of research on Irish history during the last two decades and gives particular focus to the dramatic events between the Easter rising of 1916 and the intense negotiations surrounding the Treaty in the autumn of 1921. For those interested in the history between Ireland and Britain.

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Iraq From Mandate Independence - Ernest Main - 2019-01-04
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Spain and the Independence of the United States - Thomas E. Chavez - 2002
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The United States Role in Indian Independence - Richard Nelson Davies - 1970

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Palestine to Israel - Michael Joseph Cohen - 1988
India Was Not Alone In Its Fight Against British Imperialism And Colonialism. Far From It, Hitler’S Germany Was Power” (British and post-World War II American) involvement in Palestine and the Middle East, from 1917 to 1948.

Palestine to Israel - Michael Joseph Cohen - 1988
This collection of articles analyzes the underlying motivation, strategy and interests which lay behind “Great Power” (British and post-World War II American) involvement in Palestine and the Middle East, from 1917 to 1948.

British Foreign Policy in the Age of the American Revolution - Hamish M. Sc... - 2017-06-27
A bold transatlantic history of American independence revealing that 1776 was about far more than taxation without representation Revolution Against Empire sets the story of American independence within a long and fierce clash over the political and economic future of the British Empire. Justin du Rivage traces this decades-long debate, which pitted neighbors and countrymen against one another, from the War of Austrian Succession to the end of the American Revolution. As people from Boston to Bengal grappled with the growing burdens of imperial rivalry and fantastically expensive warfare, some argued that austerity and new colonial revenue were urgently needed to rescue Britain from unsustainable taxes and debts. Others insisted that Britain ought to treat its colonies as relative equals and promote their prosperity. Drawing from archival research in the United States, Britain, and France, this book shows how disputes over taxation, public debt, and inequality sparked the American Revolution—and reshaped the British Empire.

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What America Did for India’s Independence - M. N. Gulati - 2004
India Was Not Alone In Its Fight Against British Imperialism And Colonialism. Far From It, Hitler’S Germany Was Always At Hand To Extend Moral And Material Support. It Is Agreed That The Official Policy Of The Administration Followed A Roller-Coaster Track In Support Of India, There Is No Denying The Fact That The American Congress, Public And The Media, Print As Well As Electronic, Went Out Of Its Way To Render Political, Moral And Financial Support. The Book Covers The American Aspect Fairly Comprehensively, It Follows Two Extremes: It Is Either Excessively Pro-American And The American Support Is Eulogized To No End, Or It Goes In The Opposite Directions In As Much As It Runs Down The Positive Facet Of American Contribution Besides Imputing Derogatory Motives In Some Cases. And Both Sides Lack In Integrating The Indian Political Point Of View And Events, And Their Impact On The International Scene. The Chinese Moral And Political Support For The Cause Of Indian Freedom Was Most Valuable, And Often Came At Crucial Points Of Time. And That Holds Good For The Japanese, Burmese, French, German And The Soviet Union Too.

This book presents a comparative perspective to the study of European politics, focusing on the unique and transformative effect of European Union on the politics of its member states - in effect, the Europeanization of European politics. For no other world region is there a similar intensity of Treaty and other obligations on a set of neighboring states, nor a comparable depth of supranational governance. The concept of Europeanism as an evaluative theme is used to explore this unique, sui generis, region, its states, and its political transformation in the 21st century.

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The Case for Scottish Independence - Ben Jackson - 2020-07-31
Traces the development of the ideology of modern Scottish nationalism from the 1960s to the independence referendum in 2014.

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This is the first detailed account of the confrontation between Britain and President Nasser of Egypt over the Colony of Aden and the surrounding protected states, prior to British withdrawal in 1967. Paying particular attention to the conflicting goals of Arab nationalism and British imperialism, it is argued that Britain’s motivation for this campaign was not solely material but was partly derived from a determination to contain Nasser’s influence and to guarantee a continuation of Britain’s role in influencing the politics of the Arabian peninsula. Mawby argues that a significant problem for the British was the decision to undertake a new imperial adventure in Aden at a time when British economic and military power was on the wane, whilst support for the nationalist struggles in the Middle East and the United Nations was increasing. He goes on to suggest that British policy and the conduct of military campaigns facilitated the emergence of a radical brand of Arab politics in southwest Arabia. By demonstrating the manner in which the rise and fall of British imperialism was telescoped into a short period in the late 1950s and early 1960s, this volume provides an important insight into the unique and unacknowledged place of Aden in the history of British decolonization.

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**Ambivalent Anti-colonialism** - Cary Fraser - 1994

Until recently, historians have defined the Commonwealth Caribbean territories by their relationship with Britain and have attributed little importance to American relations with these territories. Fraser provides a reinterpretation of U.S. policy toward the West Indies since 1940. He establishes links between Afro-West Indian groups and African Americans who successfully influenced both American and British policy in the West Indies. Thus, he explores a little-understood and little-studied aspect of American policy toward Britain's disengagement from empire after 1945 and the way decolonization in the Caribbean helped to shape the pattern and strategy of the Anglo-American relationship from Roosevelt to Kennedy. The book will force a rethinking of American policy toward the West Indies since 1940, the impact of race on American foreign policy, and the historiography of inter-American relations.

**The Proudest Day** - Anthony Read - 1999-07

A riveting account of the end of the Raj—the most romantic of all the great empires—told in compelling and colorful detail by the authors of "The Deadly Embrace" and "The Fall of Berlin." of photos.

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**British Policy and the Turkish Reform Movement** - Frank Edgar Bailey - 1970

**Aftermath of Revolution** - Charles R. Ritcheson - 1969

In this important new work on Britain's policy toward the United States in the critical early years of independence, Charles R. Ritcheson re-examines the Adams thesis that 'the character of all our negotiations wit Great Britain has borne the stamp of liberal concession on our part, and of reluctant, niggardly boon- peddling on hers.' The book includes the text of the Treaty and ten other documents on trade and other subjects from British and American sources.

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**The Geography and Map Division** - Library of Congress. Geography and Map Division - 1975

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**Revolutionary Summer** - Joseph J. Ellis - 2013-06-04

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**Great Britain and Argentina** - K. Gallo - 2001-10-02

Klaus Gallo examines the early nineteenth century relationship between Great Britain and the Rio de la Plata, a period that represents a crucial point in the transformation of this area of South America into the independent state of Argentina. He highlights the initial ambiguities of British aims, with the government entertaining both conquest and military aid. Gallo shows how the relationship survived this confusion and became much stronger once the Spanish colony gained independence in 1810. He unravels the tangled foreign policy implications for Britain, particularly in terms of its alliance with Spain, that ultimately led to its recognition of Argentina as a sovereign state.

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Latin America's quest for independence is revealed through the national struggles of Mexico, Spanish Central and South America, and Brazil. Excerpted from the Cambridge History of Latin America.