These richly detailed, readable essays come at a propitious time. For despite all the talk in the academy of 'multiculturalism', the Poles' presence on the American scene has been rather muted. The 9/11 attacks have provided a new impetus for an exploration of how key regional middle powers perceived and advocated their political power options in the aftermath of September 11, 2001. In this book I have attempted to analyze the dilemmas confronting the Polish government-in-exile in London during the Second World War. My main objective has been to provide a comprehensive analysis of the Polish government's strategies and actions during this period. The essays offer an in-depth look at the political, social, and economic conditions that shaped Polish foreign policy, and they provide insights into the challenges faced by the Polish government in exile and the Polish people at home.

Poland's Memory Wars

The title chosen for this study emphasizes the antithesis between political idealism and political realism in Polish political thought. Such a study goes beyond a mere focus on the relationship between the two concepts to explore the ways in which they have been intertwined throughout the history of Polish politics. The essays provide a rich and nuanced analysis of the complex relationship between idealism and realism in Polish politics, offering valuable insights into the ongoing debate about the nature and role of political thought in contemporary Poland.

The United States and Poland: A Strategic Partnership

This book provides a comprehensive overview of the history of the United States' relationship with Poland. It offers an in-depth look at the various factors that have shaped this relationship, including political, economic, and cultural considerations.

Poland's place in the modern world

This book presents a comprehensive history of Poland from the late nineteenth century to the present, incorporating new perspectives from social and cultural analysis. It offers an in-depth look at the various factors that have shaped Poland's history, including political, economic, and cultural considerations.

The 11th of November 1918, Polish Independence Day, is a curious anniversary whose commemoration has been only intermittently observed in the last century. It is a day that offers visual representation of the evolution of Polish society, not by a series of dates, but through a series of symbols whose combination allows the Poles to appreciate the value of their history and to reflect on the meaning of their nationhood.
At the close of the twentieth century the stereotyping and demonization of ‘others’, whether on religious, nationalist, racist, or political grounds, has become a burning issue. Yet comparatively little attention has been paid to how and why we fabricate images of the ‘other’ as an enemy or ‘demon’ to be destroyed. This innovative book fills that gap through an interdisciplinary, cross-cultural approach that brings together a distinguished array of historians, anthropologists, psychologists, literary scholars, and sociologists. The book’s multi-authored format reflects the plurality of viewpoints expressed in such an issue. The result is a series of richly informed case studies of how demonization and demonizing images are fashioned, how they are made to endure, and how reactions to them can produce. In each volume, chronological chapters of political narrative are in examinations of social structure and class to evaluations of the significance of the state apparatus in the analysis of policy and assessments of economic performance.

The History of Poland Since 1863

This is an account of the evolution of Polish conditions of subjection in its negotiations in 1914, developments in the inter-war years, the Second World War, and reparations after 1945. It depicts a seesaw Poland that was still suffering from the legacy of the eighteenth-century partitions and burdened with problems of social and economic development, inadequate agricultural and industrial development, and troubled international relations. It surveys the history through the interwar period and to the transformation of the country in the last thirty years. Although much of the history of the post-war era is unsatisfactory, informative, the chronicler of events in Poland and its neighbors has produced a work that is comprehensive, illuminating, and balanced.

Problems of Communism

This is an account of the evolution of Polish conditions of subjection in its negotiations in 1914, developments in the inter-war years, the Second World War, and reparations after 1945. It depicts a seesaw Poland that was still suffering from the legacy of the eighteenth-century partitions and burdened with problems of social and economic development, inadequate agricultural and industrial development, and troubled international relations. It surveys the history through the interwar period and to the transformation of the country in the last thirty years. Although much of the history of the post-war era is unsatisfactory, informative, the chronicler of events in Poland and its neighbors has produced a work that is comprehensive, illuminating, and balanced.

Defence and Security Policy

This book critically examines the study of International Relations in Poland, looking at the pre-academic origins of the discipline, its development after WWII, under the communist regime, and after the transformation of 1989. Apart from bringing a broad political and intellectual context, it offers a thorough quantitative and qualitative study of the motivating factors in papal-communist relations and chronicles the major events in détente policy in the Soviet Union and four countries of Eastern Europe—Poland, Hungary, Czechoslovakia, and East Germany. The book documents how the Catholic Church at least symptomatically of the religions of 30% or more in the population.

Detente And Papal-communist Relations, 1962-1978

This book critically examines the study of International Relations in Poland, looking at the pre-academic origins of the discipline, its development after WWII, under the communist regime, and after the transformation of 1989. Apart from bringing a broad political and intellectual context, it offers a thorough quantitative and qualitative study of the motivating factors in papal-communist relations and chronicles the major events in détente policy in the Soviet Union and four countries of Eastern Europe—Poland, Hungary, Czechoslovakia, and East Germany. The book documents how the Catholic Church at least symptomatically of the religions of 30% or more in the population.

A comparative analysis of an old and new EU Member States’ perceptions of and contributions to EU security and defence. This book looks at strategic issues. Yet comparatively little attention has been paid to how and why we fabricate images of the ‘other’ as an enemy or ‘demon’ to be destroyed. This innovative book fills that gap through an interdisciplinary, cross-cultural approach that brings together a distinguished array of historians, anthropologists, psychologists, literary scholars, and sociologists. The book’s multi-authored format reflects the plurality of viewpoints expressed in such an issue. The result is a series of richly informed case studies of how demonization and demonizing images are fashioned, how they are made to endure, and how reactions to them can produce.

The History of Poland Since 1863

This is an account of the evolution of Polish conditions of subjection in its negotiations in 1914, developments in the inter-war years, the Second World War, and reparations after 1945. It depicts a seesaw Poland that was still suffering from the legacy of the eighteenth-century partitions and burdened with problems of social and economic development, inadequate agricultural and industrial development, and troubled international relations. It surveys the history through the interwar period and to the transformation of the country in the last thirty years. Although much of the history of the post-war era is unsatisfactory, informative, the chronicler of events in Poland and its neighbors has produced a work that is comprehensive, illuminating, and balanced.

Defence and Security Policy

This book critically examines the study of International Relations in Poland, looking at the pre-academic origins of the discipline, its development after WWII, under the communist regime, and after the transformation of 1989. Apart from bringing a broad political and intellectual context, it offers a thorough quantitative and qualitative study of the motivating factors in papal-communist relations and chronicles the major events in détente policy in the Soviet Union and four countries of Eastern Europe—Poland, Hungary, Czechoslovakia, and East Germany. The book documents how the Catholic Church at least symptomatically of the religions of 30% or more in the population.

Detente And Papal-communist Relations, 1962-1978

This book critically examines the study of International Relations in Poland, looking at the pre-academic origins of the discipline, its development after WWII, under the communist regime, and after the transformation of 1989. Apart from bringing a broad political and intellectual context, it offers a thorough quantitative and qualitative study of the motivating factors in papal-communist relations and chronicles the major events in détente policy in the Soviet Union and four countries of Eastern Europe—Poland, Hungary, Czechoslovakia, and East Germany. The book documents how the Catholic Church at least symptomatically of the religions of 30% or more in the population.

A comparative analysis of an old and new EU Member States’ perceptions of and contributions to EU security and defence. This book looks at strategic issues. Yet comparatively little attention has been paid to how and why we fabricate images of the ‘other’ as an enemy or ‘demon’ to be destroyed. This innovative book fills that gap through an interdisciplinary, cross-cultural approach that brings together a distinguished array of historians, anthropologists, psychologists, literary scholars, and sociologists. The book’s multi-authored format reflects the plurality of viewpoints expressed in such an issue. The result is a series of richly informed case studies of how demonization and demonizing images are fashioned, how they are made to endure, and how reactions to them can produce.

The History of Poland Since 1863

This is an account of the evolution of Polish conditions of subjection in its negotiations in 1914, developments in the inter-war years, the Second World War, and reparations after 1945. It depicts a seesaw Poland that was still suffering from the legacy of the eighteenth-century partitions and burdened with problems of social and economic development, inadequate agricultural and industrial development, and troubled international relations. It surveys the history through the interwar period and to the transformation of the country in the last thirty years. Although much of the history of the post-war era is unsatisfactory, informative, the chronicler of events in Poland and its neighbors has produced a work that is comprehensive, illuminating, and balanced.

Defence and Security Policy

This book critically examines the study of International Relations in Poland, looking at the pre-academic origins of the discipline, its development after WWII, under the communist regime, and after the transformation of 1989. Apart from bringing a broad political and intellectual context, it offers a thorough quantitative and qualitative study of the motivating factors in papal-communist relations and chronicles the major events in détente policy in the Soviet Union and four countries of Eastern Europe—Poland, Hungary, Czechoslovakia, and East Germany. The book documents how the Catholic Church at least symptomatically of the religions of 30% or more in the population.

Detente And Papal-communist Relations, 1962-1978

This book critically examines the study of International Relations in Poland, looking at the pre-academic origins of the discipline, its development after WWII, under the communist regime, and after the transformation of 1989. Apart from bringing a broad political and intellectual context, it offers a thorough quantitative and qualitative study of the motivating factors in papal-communist relations and chronicles the major events in détente policy in the Soviet Union and four countries of Eastern Europe—Poland, Hungary, Czechoslovakia, and East Germany. The book documents how the Catholic Church at least symptomatically of the religions of 30% or more in the population.

A comparative analysis of an old and new EU Member States’ perceptions of and contributions to EU security and defence. This book looks at strategic issues. Yet comparatively little attention has been paid to how and why we fabricate images of the ‘other’ as an enemy or ‘demon’ to be destroyed. This innovative book fills that gap through an interdisciplinary, cross-cultural approach that brings together a distinguished array of historians, anthropologists, psychologists, literary scholars, and sociologists. The book’s multi-authored format reflects the plurality of viewpoints expressed in such an issue. The result is a series of richly informed case studies of how demonization and demonizing images are fashioned, how they are made to endure, and how reactions to them can produce.

The History of Poland Since 1863

This is an account of the evolution of Polish conditions of subjection in its negotiations in 1914, developments in the inter-war years, the Second World War, and reparations after 1945. It depicts a seesaw Poland that was still suffering from the legacy of the eighteenth-century partitions and burdened with problems of social and economic development, inadequate agricultural and industrial development, and troubled international relations. It surveys the history through the interwar period and to the transformation of the country in the last thirty years. Although much of the history of the post-war era is unsatisfactory, informative, the chronicler of events in Poland and its neighbors has produced a work that is comprehensive, illuminating, and balanced.